

POLIEDROS Y CUERPOS REDONDOS

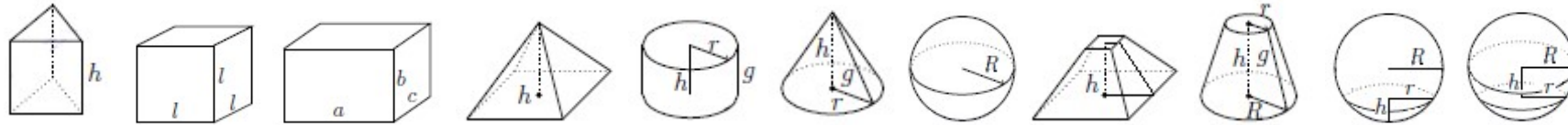


FIGURA 3D		ÁREA	VOLUMEN
PRISMAS	PRISMAS	$A_{Total} = A_{Lateral} + 2 \cdot A_{Base}$	$V = \text{Área}_{base} \cdot \text{Altura}_{prisma}$
	CUBOS	$A_{Total} = 6 \cdot A_{Base} = 6 \cdot lado^2 = 6 \cdot l^2$	$V = lado^3 = l^3$
	ORTOEDROS	$A_{Total} = A_{Lateral} + 2 \cdot A_{Base}$	$V = lado \cdot lado' \cdot lado'' = a \cdot b \cdot c$
PIRÁMIDES		$A_{Total} = A_{Lateral} + A_{Base}$	$V = \frac{\text{Área}_{base} \cdot \text{Altura}_{pirámide}}{3}$
CILINDROS		$A_{Total} = A_{Lateral} + 2 \cdot A_{Base}$ $= 2\pi r h + 2\pi r^2 = 2\pi r \cdot (h + r)$	$V = \text{Área}_{base} \cdot \text{Altura}_{cilindro} = \pi r^2 h$
CONOS		$A_{Total} = A_{Lateral} + A_{Base}$ $= \pi r g + \pi r^2 = \pi r \cdot (g + r)$	$V = \frac{\text{Área}_{base} \cdot \text{Altura}_{cono}}{3} = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$
ESFERAS		$A = 4\pi R^2$	$V = \frac{4\pi R^3}{3}$
TRONCOS PIRÁMIDE REGULAR		$A = \frac{\text{Perímetro}_{base} + \text{Perímetro}_{base'}}{2} \cdot \text{Altura}_{caras} + A_{base} + A_{base'}$	$V = \frac{h_{tronco} \cdot (A_{base} + A_{base'} + \sqrt{A_{base} \cdot A_{base'}})}{3}$
TRONCOS CONO RECTOS		$A_{Total} = \pi \cdot [g \cdot (R + r) + R^2 + r^2]$	$V = \frac{\pi \cdot h_{tronco} \cdot (R^2 + r^2 + R \cdot r)}{3}$
CASQUETES POLARES		$A = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{Radio}_{esfera} \cdot \text{Altura}_{casquete} = 2\pi R h$	$R = \frac{(\text{radio}_{casquete})^2 + h^2}{2h} = \frac{r^2 + h^2}{2h}$ $V = \frac{\pi h^2 \cdot (3R - h)}{3}$
ZONAS ESFÉRICAS		$A = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{Radio}_{esfera} \cdot \text{Altura}_{zona} = 2\pi R h$	$V = \frac{\pi h \cdot (h^2 + 3R^2 + 3r^2)}{6}$